Indian Biobanks: Concepts and Prospects

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What is a Biobank?

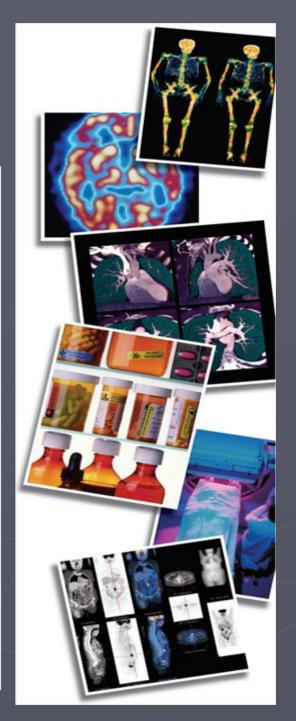
- ► A Biobank is a depository for biomaterials from a representative portion of a human population.
- The Biobank acts as a vault with intricate detailed information pertaining to the individuals from whom biological materials have been collected.
- Data collection and proper cataloging are essential components for the success of a Biobank.





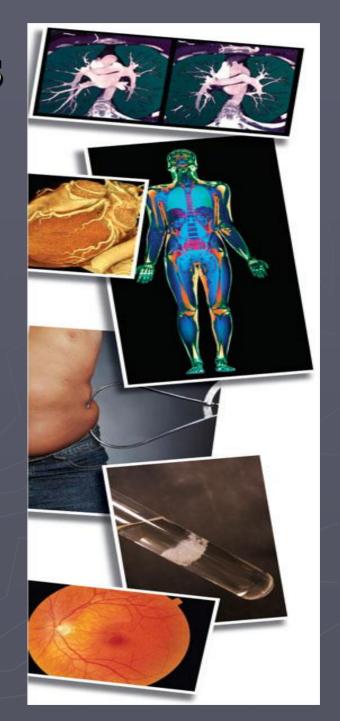
Types of Biobanks

- ➤ Tissue bank (i) Surgical tissues, (ii) Transplant tissues
- ► Cancer / Tumor bank
- ► Cord blood / Stem cell bank
- ► Blood bank Dried Blood Spots
- ► Body fluids (i) Synovial, (ii) Urine, (iii) Sputum, (iv) Buccal scrapings, (v) Sperm
- ► DNA / RNA bank
- ▶ Cornea bank



Functional Divisions of a Biobank

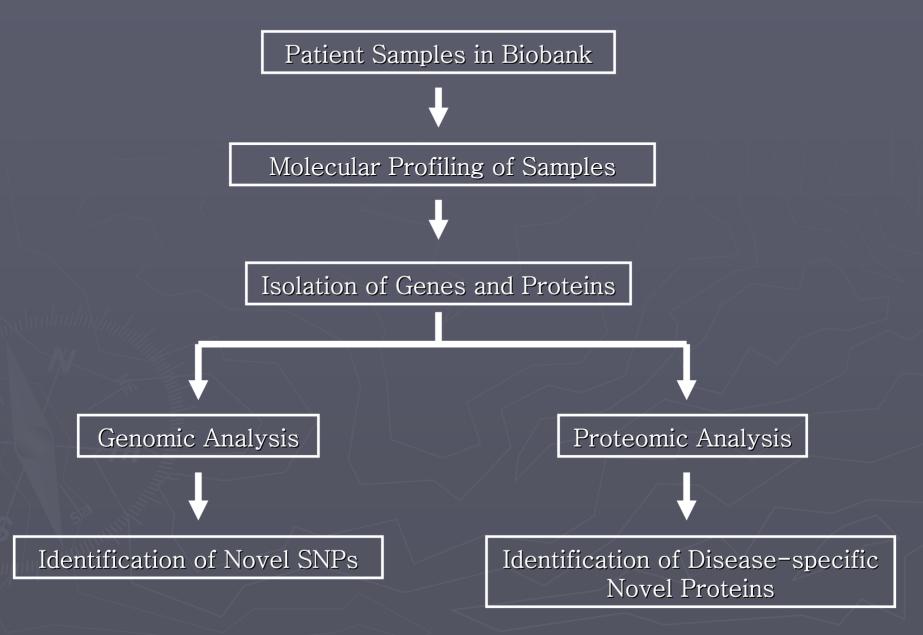
- ► Cell and Molecular Biology
- ► Blood Center
- Pathology
- **▶** Genetics
- Bioengineering
- Cryobiology
- **Bioinformatics**
- Ethics



Utilities of a Biobank

- ► Routine work health centers, hospitals, blood transfusion centers and Public / Private pathological laboratories.
- ► Research work biomedical experiments for a particular disease in a specific population.
- ► Epidemiological work monitoring in susceptible populations after disease outbreak, poisoning and / or pollution.

Biobanks to Aid Research



Biobanks: Ethical / Safety Issues

- ► For tissue banking, freely given informed patient consent is mandatory.
- ➤ Patient consent forms needs to be upgraded from time—to—time following IRB regulations.
- ► Model Consent Form: University Hospital Aintree, Liverpool, U.K.
- ► Confidentiality very important!
- QA and QC checks necessary right from planning, implementation, up to documentation and analysis.
- Safety is crucial: MSDS to be distributed among staff for entire chemical compounds kept at the biobank.







THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS MDANDERSON CANCER CENTER

Making Cancer History®



- The MD Anderson Cancer Center is an example of a model Tumor Biobank.
- India can follow the MD Anderson model to start cancer tissue repositories in various cancer hospitals.

Concept of an Indian Biobank

Steering /
Ethics
Committee



International Advisory Board



Indian Biobank Board



Funding Agencies

MANAGEMENT & GOVERNANCE:

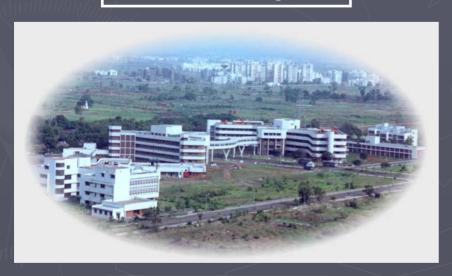
Clinicians, Geneticists, Lawyers, Basic Scientists, Sociologists, Epidemiologists, Statisticians, Ethicists

Biobanks in India



Brain Biobank

NIMHANS, Bangalore



Cancer Biobank

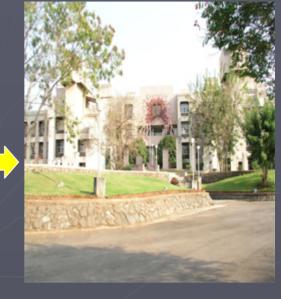
ACTREC, Mumbai

Repositories in India



Organ Retrieval Banking Organization (ORBO), AIIMS, New Delhi

National Repository for Cell Lines / Hybridomas, NCCS, Pune





Mycobacterial Repository, JALMA, Agra

Dried Blood Spots (DBS): A Novel, Cost-Effective Alternative to Serum Samples



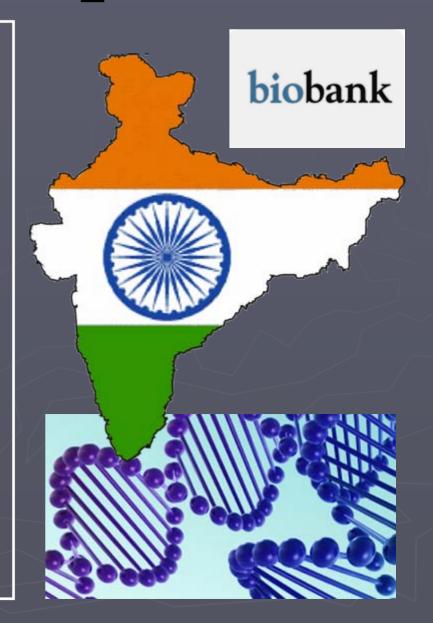
Health surveyor collecting a DBS sample in the field

Source : Science 2007; 318: 1074-1075

- Cheap per person cost 20 times lesser than UK biobank!
- Convenient for patient and collector.
- Patient Compliance only 5% refusal as compared to 40% refusal for blood samples.
- Storage at room temperature.

India's Prospects

- India has a population of over a billion and is the world's largest democracy.
- India has a very high burden of both communicable and non-communicable diseases.
- India has the means to make a modest start towards establishing a Biobank.



Thank You!