

Role of ICRISAT in SWEETFUEL Project and Results achieved

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Global Theme on Crop Improvement

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The New ICRISAT 2004-05 2006-07 Fourth King Baudouin Award Rated Superior by CGIAR US \$ 30 M budget (surplus) High staff morale New vision and strategy to 2015 Two CGIAR Science Awards Fourth year of budget surplus High staff morale Rated Outstanding by CGIAR 2002-03 • Team ICRISAT • Third King Baudouin Award • External reviews US\$ 56 M budget in 2009 Quality science Sound management Institutional innovations Mid 90s: Budget surplus + Financial and human resource challenges Declining support 2000-01 Institutional transformation through Science with a Human Face Grey to Green Revolution US \$ 22 M budget ICRISAT International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics

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WP2 and WP6 Partners

WP 2- Breeding for drought adaptation

InstituteICRISATUANLARC-GCIperson months1462010

WP Leader: ICRISAT, Patancheru, India UANL: Universidad Autonoma de Nuevo Leon, Mexico ARC-GCI : Agricultural Research Council- Grain Crop Institute, South Africa

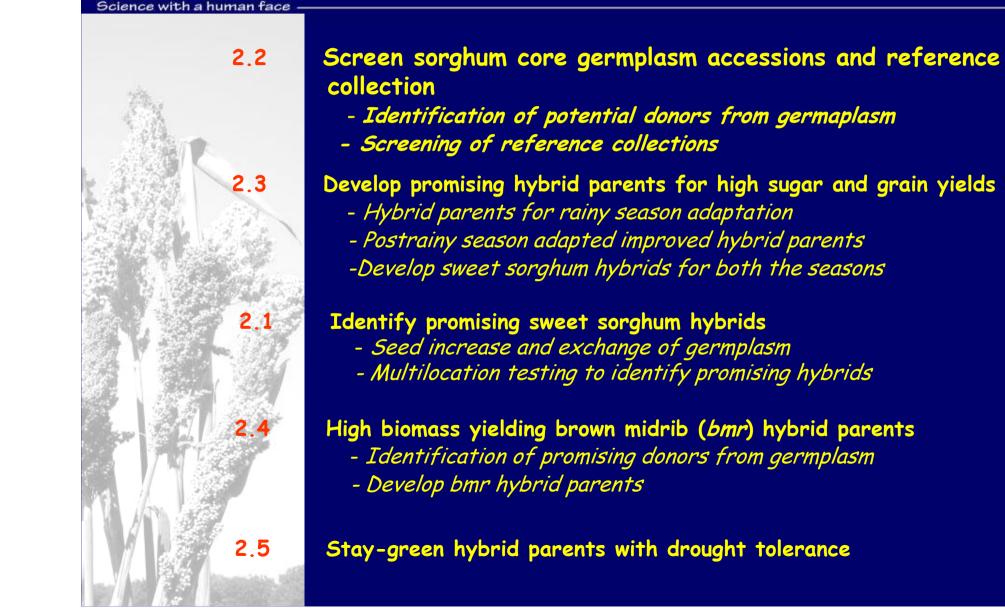
WP 6 - Integrated assessment

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WP Leader: Institute for Energy and Environmental Research (IFEU), Heidelberg, Germany







Breeding for drought-prone environments



Purpose is to develop new lines or hybrids of sweet sorghum with
(i) juicy stems with high total sugar content (>17%)
(ii) high grain yield suitable for human or animal alimentation and high biomass with stem girth >2.5 cm

(iii) better resistance to drought with good adaptation to rainy (midseason moisture stress) and/or post rainy season(terminal stress) in India and producing bagasse with a better digestibility, suitable for fodder use including high biomass yielding *bmr* lines

Methodology



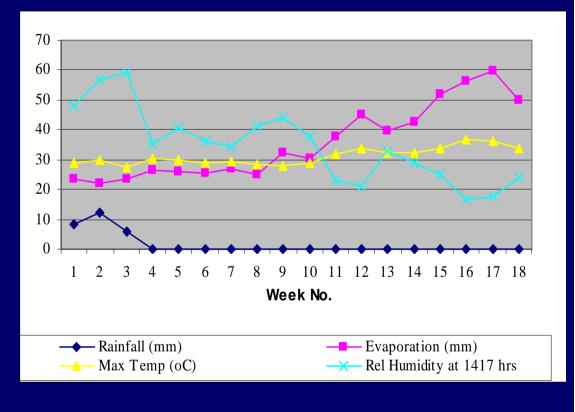
Selection based on high sugar/biomass yields under normal rainfall and induced drought stress (midseason/terminal) condition without searifying grain yield

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- Screen the germplasm, advance breeding material and hybrid parents available under target environments with all the beneficiaries
 - Pool the selected material and multiplying the seed for multilocation trials (MLT) and hybrid production
- Conduct MLTs in India, South Africa and Mexico involving selected lines and hybrid parents and select 8–10 each of germplasm, breeding material and hybrid parents
 - Produce hybrids with the selected parents and conduct MLTs

Screening of improved sweet sorghum hybrid parental lines, varieties and hybrids for terminal stress (Postrainy 2008-09)

- 182 genotypes evaluated : (B-lines -62 and varieties-120)
- 54 genotypes selected : (B- lines-19 and varieties/Rlines- 35)
- Criteria of selection: sugar yield >0.20 t ha⁻¹in B-lines and 0.25 t ha⁻¹in varieties, Brix%> 9 (Checks, ICSB 38: 7.1, 0.04 t ha⁻¹; SSV 84: 9.9, 0.19 t ha⁻¹)



Sweet

Date of sowing: 30 Oct 2008

Date of last irrigation: 20 Dec 2008

Selection gains from terminal moisture stress screening



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Nurser y	Tria Entr Es (n)	Trial means			Select ed entrie	Selection means			Selectio n gain
		Brix%	Sug ar Yield (tha ⁻)	Grain yield (t ha ⁻ ¹)	s (n)	Brix %	Suga r yield (tha ⁻ ¹)	Grai n yield (t ha ⁻¹)	or sugar yield
R-lines / varieti es	120	9.95	0.19	1.5	5	11.5	0.67	1.67	252.6 %
Parent s	62	10.01	0.11	1.10	5	11.8	0.31	1.90	181.8 %
Total	182	9.98	0.15	1.30	10	11.6	0.49	1.78	226.6 %



Screening for terminal stress



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Tolerant genotypes under terminal stress

Susceptible genotypes under terminal stress



Screening of improved sweet sorghum hybrid parental lines, varieties and hybrids for mid season stres

(Summer 2009)

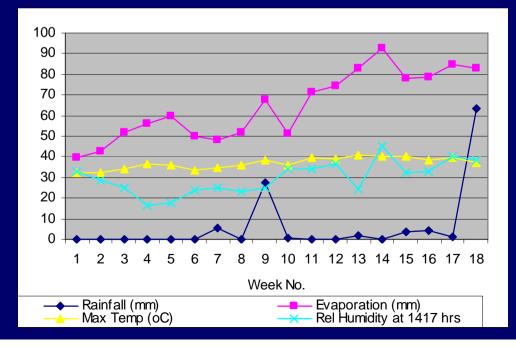
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- 393 genotypes evaluated : (B-lines 100, varieties/R-lines- 170; hybrids-65 and germplasm accessions: 58)
- 90 genotypes selected based on Sugar yield and Brix%: (B-lines 8, varieties/R-lines- 53; hybrids- 28; germplasm line: 1) Checks: ICSV 112-0.1 t ha-1, 13.9%; R 16-0.3 t ha-1, 14.9%; B 35-0.1 t ha-1, 15.2%, E 36-1-0.4 t ha-1, 16.0% and NTJ 2- 0.2 t ha-1, 13.4%
- Criteria of selection: sugar yield > 0.66 t ha⁻¹, Brix%> 14.0

Sowing date: 6 Feb 2009

Stress imposed: 3 Mar 2009









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Nurser y	Trial Entrie	Trial means			Selecte entries	Selection means			Selectio n
	s (n)	s Brix Suga Gra (n) % yield Yie	Grai Yield (t ha ⁻ ¹)	(n)	Brix %	Suga yield (tha ⁻ ¹)	Grai Yield (tha ⁻ ¹)	gain for Sugar yield	
R-lines / varietie s	228	14.1	0.5	1.5	53	13.1	0.9	1.8	80.0 %
Hybrids	65	14.4	0.7	1.4	31	14.8	1.0	1.4	42.8 %
Parents	100	15.1	0.4	1.5	9	14.8	0.8	2.3	100 %
Total/ Averag e	393	14.5	0.53	1.46	93	14.2 3	0.9	1.83	69.8 %

Screening for midseason stress



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Genotypes showing varied drought tolerance mechanisms

Productive genotypes under drought



Correlation between sweet sorghum genotypes evaluated under mid-season and terminal drought conditions Science with a human face

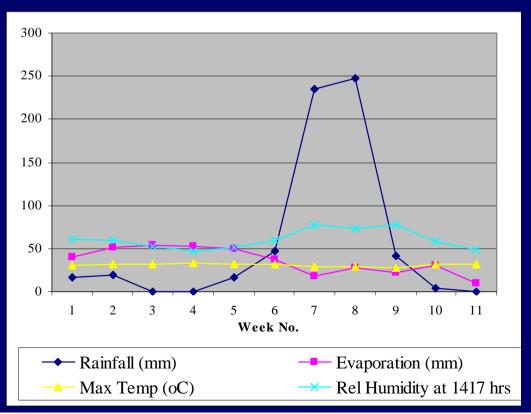
Midseaso n stress	Terminal stress	Brix%	Sugar yield (t ha ⁻¹)	Grain yield (t ha ⁻¹)	
B-lines					
Brix%		0.04	0.05	0.12	
Sugar yield	l (t ha ⁻¹)	0.28**	0.47**	-0.17	
Grain yield	(t ha ⁻¹)	0.11	0.1	0.12	
R-lines/Varieties					
Brix%		0.04	-0.02	0.20**	
Sugar yield	l (t ha ⁻¹)	0.03	0.19**	-0.10	
Grain yield	(t ha ⁻¹)	-0.15*	-0.06	-0.15*	

* significant at P<0.05 and ** significant at P< 0.01

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Evaluation of improved sweet sorghum hybrid parental lines, varieties and hybrids in SAT conditions (rainy season, 2009)

- Ninety genotypes being evaluated : B-lines 8, varieties/R-lines- 53; hybrids- 28 and germplasm line: 1
- Checks: CSH 22 SS, SSV 74, ICSV 112, R 16, B 35, E 36-1, NTJ 2
- Evaluation traits to be recorded: Juice yield, Grain yield, Brix%, Biomass





- No. of genotypes to be evaluated : B- lines 19 , varieties/R-lines- 35
- Evaluation traits to be recorded: Juice yield, Brix%, Grain yield, Biomass





Screening of selected improved sweet sorghum vbrid parental lines, varieties and hybrids for termina (postrainy 2009-10)

- No. of genotypes to be evaluated :
 - B- lines 19
 - Varieties/R-lines- 35
- Screening traits to be recorded: Leaf firing, Leaf rolling, Recovery, Juice yield, Brix%, Grain yield, Biomass



Evaluation of B-35 derivatives with stay green QTLs for high Brix% and sugar yield

- No. of entries evaluated : 40
- Six lines (S35SG 06019, S35SG 06002, 111SG 06025, S35SG 06015, S35SG 06014, 111SG 06041) are found to be rich in sugars (13.25 18.50 % Brix)
- Seed multiplication is being undertaken in 2009-10.





Crossing of *bmr* 6 and 12 with high biomass selected from germplasm

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• No. of crosses to be made: 10



X





ICSA 324 x SSV 74

> ICSA 675 x ICSV 700

> ICSA 749 x ICSV 93046

ICSA 502 x SP 4481-1

> ICSA 702 x SSV 84

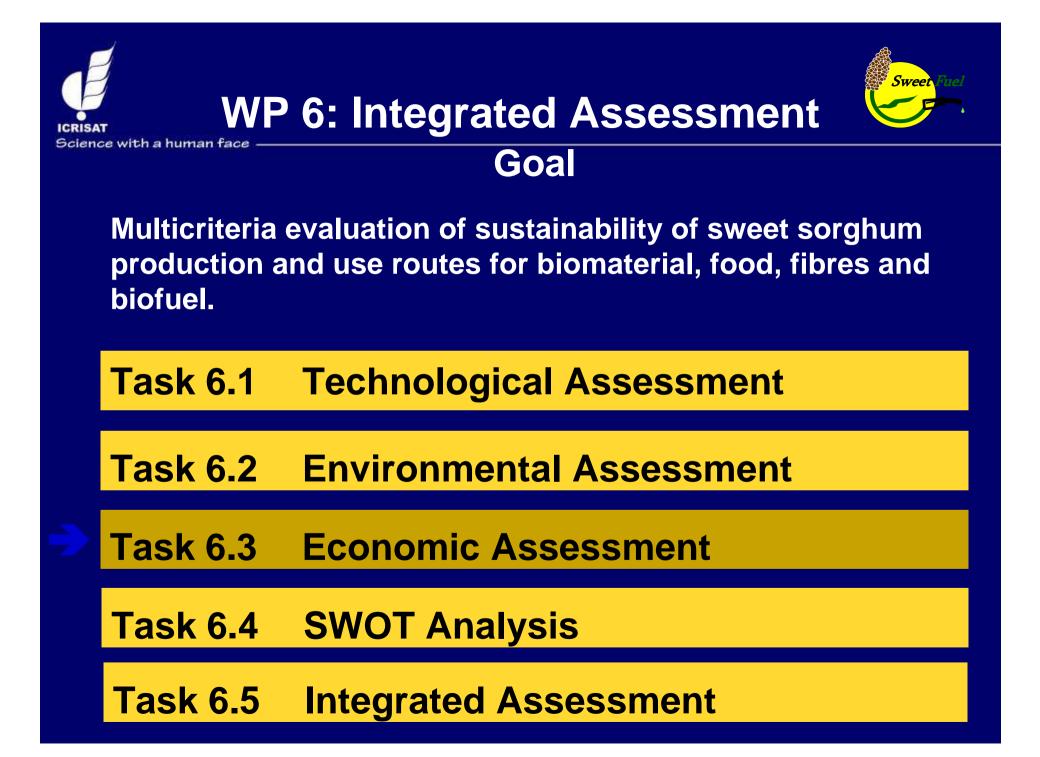
(Ten Kg each)

Seed supplied to UANL, Mexico



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S.N o	Name	Pedigree
1	ICSV 25275 (SP 4495)	(IS 19587 x B 24)-2-1-1-1
2	ICSV 25279 (SP 4511-2)	(ICSV 93046 x SSV 84)-7-2-1-2
3	ICSSH 20	ICSA 52 x SPV 1411
4	ICSSH 31	ICSA 38 x ICSV 700
5	ICSSH 50	ICSA 84 x E 36-1
7	ICSB 38	[(BTx 623 x MR 862)B lines bulk]-5-1-3-5
6	ICSB 52	Ind. Syn. 422-1
8	ICSB 84	(Ind. Syn. 89-1 x US/R-20-682)-5-1-3
9	SPV 1411	Parbani moti
10	ICSV 93046	(((IS 1082 x SC 108-3)-1-1-1-1) x (((IS 5622 x CS 3541)-20-1-1-1-1-1 x (UCh V2 x Bulk Y-55)-1-5-1)-5-2-5-1-1))-9-1-3-1-1-1
11	E 36-1	E 36-1
12	ICSV 700	(IS 1082 x SC 108-3)-1-1-1-1







- Determination of the environmental implications of the sweet sorghum systems
 - Definition of the economy-specific system boundaries
 - Cost analysis of sweet sorghum systems compared to that of conventional production systems and reference systems
 - Investigation of several subscenarios taking into account future opportunities for optimisation
 - Generation of different scenarios for sweet sorghum and conventional production and use lines using different revenue levels
 - Determination of areas where sweet sorghum production would have a comparative advantage over traditional systems

Milestones for Task 6.3



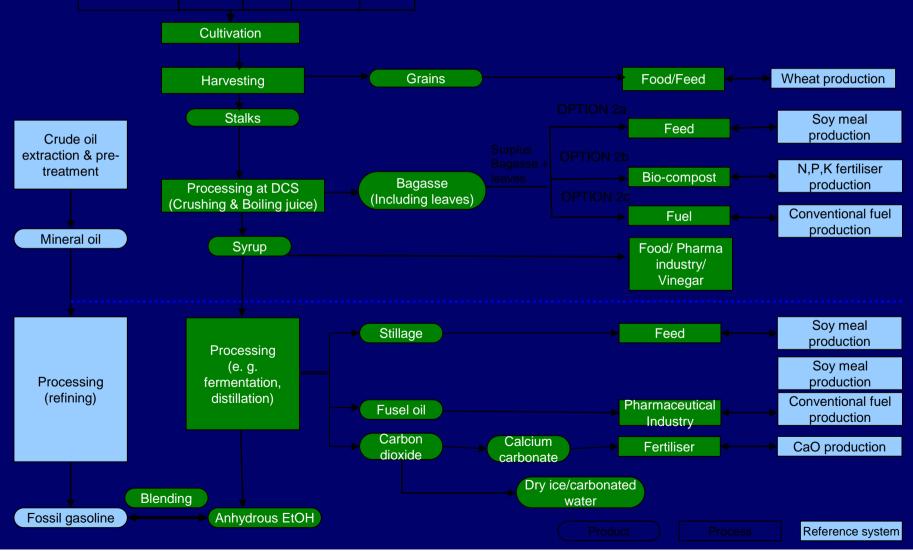
6.2.1 Ex-ante analysis of sweet sorghum and grain sorghum cultivation in rainy and post rainy seasons for Centralized unit (TCL/ Rusini)

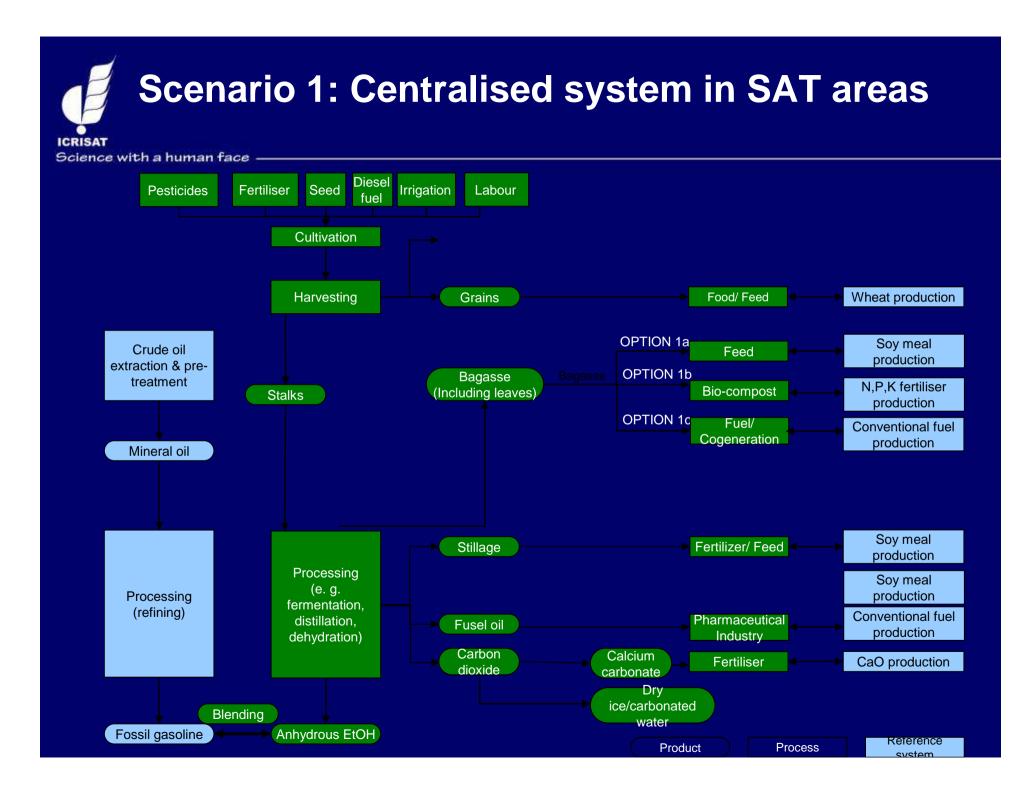
6.2.2 Ex-ante analysis of sweet sorghum and grain sorghum cultivation in rainy and post rainy seasons for Decentralized unit 6.2.3 Break even analysis for ascertaining the viability of unit/ sweet sorghum cultivation vis-à-vis other feedstock's

6.2.4 Valuation of other non-tangible benefits due to sweet sorghum cultivation for addressing sustainability, equity and welfare concerns

6.2.5 Scenario/ Sensitivity Analysis of sweet sorghum cultivation for price fixation and policy advocacy







Centralised Sweet sorghum distilleries in India- Rusni and TCL



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